

coefficient of  $\lambda_i$  in the representation of  $\alpha_0$  relative to the fundamental weights is greater than 0. By Table 1 and Table 2 the simple root  $\alpha$  is one of the following:  $B_l, l \geq 3, \alpha_1 = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_2$ ;  $B_3, \alpha_3 = -\lambda_2 + 2\lambda_3$ ;  $D_l, l \geq 4, \alpha_1 = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_2$ ;  $D_4, \alpha_3 = -\lambda_2 + 2\lambda_3$  or  $\alpha_4 = -\lambda_2 + 2\lambda_4$ . From this we obtain the following possibilities:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 B_l, l \geq 3 & \lambda_1 \\
 B_3 & \lambda_3 \\
 D_l, l \geq 4 & \lambda_1 \\
 D_4 & \lambda_3, \lambda_4
 \end{array}$$

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