

Conclusion

Prop The Abel-Lel is bi-implic at ∞
iff

$$\sum_i B(a_i; x) - \sum_i B(b_i; x) + \frac{n}{24} \geq 0 \text{ for all } x.$$

Quite interesting condition. Example first

Thm. For $a, b > 0$,

$$\Theta_{a,b} := \frac{D_a D_b D_{a+b}}{D_{a,b}^2} \in J_{2, a^2+b^2} \quad (\in \mathbb{R}^8)$$

proof Need to show

$$B(ax) + B(bx) + B((a+b)x) \geq + \frac{1}{24}$$

sd $ax \in x \quad bx \in y \quad (a+b)x \in z$

Find minimum of

$$D(x) + D(y) + D(z) \text{ on } x+y+z=1$$

Min. at $x=y=\frac{1}{3}, z=\frac{2}{3}$, because

$$\frac{1}{24} \left(\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \right) = \frac{1}{24} \cdot \square$$