

定理 4.11 (van der Geer [11]) $H \times H_-$ 上で考えたとき, weight 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 の保型形式からなる生成系がある:

$$M(\Gamma_K) = \mathbb{C} \left[\frac{\sigma_3}{\sqrt{\sigma_2}}, \sigma_2, \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{\sigma_4}}, \sigma_4, \Delta \right].$$

ただし,

- $\Delta^2 = 256\sigma_4^3 - 128\sigma_4^2\sigma_2^2 + 16\sigma_4\sigma_2^4 + 144\sigma_4\sigma_3^2\sigma_2 - 27\sigma_3^4 - 4\sigma_3^2\sigma_2^3$,
- $\delta^2 = \sigma_2(9\sigma_3^2\sigma_2 - \sigma_4\sigma_2^2 + 12\sigma_4^2)$.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \dim M_k(\Gamma_K) t^k = \frac{1-t+t^3-t^5+t^6}{(1-t)^2(1-t^2)}.$$

4.5 $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{13})$ の場合

4.5.1 Symmetric, even weight case

定理 4.12 (van der Geer-Zagier [12])

$$M_{\text{ev}}^s(\Gamma_K) = \mathbb{C}[A_2, B_4, C_6, C'_6].$$

ただし, $B_4^3 = C_6 C'_6$.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \dim M_{2k}^s(\Gamma_K) t^{2k} = \frac{1+t^4+t^8}{(1-t^2)(1-t^6)^2}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= [A_2, B_4, B_4] \\ &= [A_2, B_4, C_6, C'_6] \\ &= C_6 [A_2, B_4, C'_6] + [A_2, B_4, C_6] \\ &\quad - [A_2, B_4, C_6] \\ &\therefore \frac{[A_2, B_4, C_6]}{C_6} = -\frac{[A_2, B_4, C'_6]}{C'_6} \end{aligned}$$

4.5.2 Even weight case

定理 4.13 (van der Geer-Zagier [12])

$$M_{\text{ev}}(\Gamma_K) = \mathbb{C}[A_2, B_4, C_6, C'_6, D_8].$$

ただし,

$$\begin{aligned} B_4^3 &= C_6 C'_6, \\ D_8^2 &= 256A_2^5 C_6 - 128A_2^4 B_4^2 + 16A_2^3 B_4 D_8 \\ &\quad - 656A_2^3 B_4 C_6 + 776A_2^2 B_4^3 - 261A_2 B_4^2 D_8 \\ &\quad + 27B_4 D_8^2 - 27A_2^2 C_6^2 + \frac{495}{2} A_2 B_4^2 C_6 - \frac{947}{16} B_4^4 \\ &\quad + 54B_4 C_6^3, \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \dim M_{2k}(\Gamma_K) t^{2k} = \frac{1-t^2+t^4+t^8-t^{10}+t^{12}}{(1-t^2)^2(1-t^6)} = \frac{(1+t^4+t^8)(1+t^8)}{(1-t^2)(1-t^4)^2}$$