

# Constant Associated with Deligne's Riemann-Roch Theorem

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In this paper, we will determinate the constant associated with Deligne's Riemann-Roch theorem. During this process, we also formulate the arithmetic Riemann-Roch-Hirzebruch theorem. As less of space, we freely use the "standard" notation without explanation.

## I. Deligne's Riemann-Roch Theorem [3], [7].

Let  $K$  be a number field with  $\mathcal{O}_K$  as its ring of integers. Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y = \text{spec}(\mathcal{O}_K)$  be a semistable arithmetic surface. Then for any Hermitian vector bundle  $(E, h)$ , we have

1. on  $Y$ , there exists a canonical algebraic isomorphism

$$\lambda(E)^{12} \cong \mathcal{O}(\Delta)^{r(E)} \langle W_{X/Y}, W_{X/Y} \rangle^{r(E)} = \langle \det E, \det E W_{X/Y}^{-1} \rangle^B \text{IG}(E)^{-12};$$

2. If  $\lambda(E)$  is with Quillen metric, the above isomorphism becomes an isometry if the natural metric on the right hand side is timed by

$$\exp(r(E) a(g)),$$

where  $a(g)$  is a constant only depends on the genus  $g$