p	Basis von $M_{\frac{p+1}{2}}(\mathcal{O}_p)$ mod p	
	Basis von $\Theta(\mathcal{O}_p)$ mod p	$g_{i_1}, g_{i_2}, \ldots$
59	[1,1,15], [3,1,5]	$\Delta^2 E_6$
79	[1,1,20], [2,1,10], [4,1,5]	$\Delta^3 E_4$
83	[1,1,21], [3,1,7]	$\Delta^2 E_6^3$, $\Delta^3 E_6$
103	[1,1,26], [2,1,13], [4,3,7]	$\Delta^3 E_6^2 E_4$, $\Delta^4 E_4$
107	[1,1,27], [3,1,9]	$\Delta^2 E_6^5$, $\Delta^3 E_6^3$, $\Delta^4 E_6$
127	[1,1,32], [2,1,16], [4,1,8]	$\Delta^3 E_6^4 E_4$, $\Delta^4 E_6^2 E_4$, $\Delta^5 E_4$
131	[1,1,33], [3,1,11], [5,3,7]	$\Delta^3 E_6^5$, $\Delta^4 E_6^3$, $\Delta^5 E_6$
139	[1,1,35], [5,1,7]	$\Delta^2 E_6^7 E_4$, $\Delta^3 E_6^5 E_4$, $\Delta^4 E_6^3 E_4$, $\Delta^5 E_6 E_4$
151	[1,1,38], [2,1,19], [4,3,10], [5,3,8]	$\Delta^3 E_6^6 E_4$, $\Delta^5 E_6^2 E_4$, $\Delta^6 E_4$

Dabei steht $[a,b,c]$ als Abkürzung für $\sum_{x,y\in\mathbb{Z}} q^{ax^2+bxy+cy^2}$;