

Remark The action of  $\Gamma(N)$  on  $X_2(N)$  can be described in a more pleasant form (Morel):

$$M_2 := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{Z}^{2 \times 2}; a > b \geq 0, d > c \geq 0 \right\}$$

$$M_2 := \{A \in M \mid \det A = 1\}$$

The

$$(\Gamma(N)\lambda)(v) = \sum_{M \in M_2} \lambda(vM)$$

Th

$M_2(N)$  is spanned by the ratios

$$\sum_{\substack{a \geq b \geq 0 \\ d \geq c \geq 0 \\ \det = 1}} \lambda(v \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}) q^{ad-bc}$$

where  $\lambda \in X_2(N), v \in \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$



$$\sum_{M \in M_2} \lambda(0:1)M = \sum_{M \in M_2} \lambda(c:d) = \sum_{\substack{a > b \geq 0 \\ d > c \geq 0 \\ \det = 1}} (-1) + \sum_{\substack{a > b \geq 0 \\ d > c \geq 0 \\ \det = 1}} 1 = - \sum_{\substack{d \mid 1 \\ (d, N) = 1}} \frac{1}{d}$$

$$E := - \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \tau(l) \lambda(0:1) q^l = + \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \sum_{\substack{a \mid l \\ (a, N) = 1}} a q^l = \theta_2(z)$$

Ex Show that  $E(z) = \sum_{t \mid N} \mu(t) t E_2(tz)$

Ex  $G_{\Gamma_0(N)}$  : --  $X_2(N)_{\mathbb{C}} = \mathbb{C} \cdot \lambda$   $\lambda(a) = \begin{cases} 1 & a \equiv 3, 4 \pmod{N} \\ -1 & a \equiv -3, -4 \pmod{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Hence

$$\eta(z)^2 \eta(Nz)^2 = \text{const.} \sum_{\substack{ad-bc = 3a \geq 3, 4 \\ a \geq b \geq 0 \\ d > c \geq 1 \\ (c, N) = 1}} \left[ \delta \left( \begin{pmatrix} 3a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \right) - \delta \left( \begin{pmatrix} 3a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \right) \right] q^{ad-bc}$$

$\left( \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \right) = (3a, c)$



$$= \text{const.} \left( \sum_{\substack{a > b \geq 0 \\ d > c \geq 1 \\ \frac{3a+c}{3b+d} \equiv 3, 4 \pmod{N}}} q^{ad-bc} - \sum_{\substack{a > b \geq 0 \\ d > c \geq 1 \\ \frac{3a+c}{3b+d} \equiv -3, -4 \pmod{N}}} q^{ad-bc} \right)$$

Ex\* Find an identity for the identity  $\theta$ .