

Exercise 1) A set of representatives for  $\mathbb{P}_0(N) \setminus G_0(N)$  is given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{pmatrix}, \quad ad = N, \quad b \text{ mod } d$$

$a \geq b$   
 $\gcd(a, N) = 1$

(~~$$\text{Fact: } \nabla(l) \nabla(m) = \sum_{d|l, m} \nabla\left(\frac{lm}{d^2}\right)$$~~)

~~$\mathbb{H}^2 \cong \mathbb{H}^2(N)$  is subalgebra of  $\mathbb{H}$  spanned by  $\{I, \nabla(l), l \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ .  
 $GL(2, \mathbb{R}) \times \text{Hol}(g) \rightarrow \text{Hol}(g) : (A, f) \rightarrow f \circ A := (cx+d)^{-k} f(\frac{ax+b}{cx+d})$~~

Thm 1)  ~~$\mathbb{H}$~~  acts on  $M_k(N)$  via  $(\det X)^{k-1}$   
 $(\nabla(l), f) \mapsto \nabla(l) f := \sum_{X \in \mathbb{P}_0(N) \setminus G_0(N)} \sqrt{\det X} f \Big|_k X \quad (f = \sum c_n x^n)$

2) One has

$$\nabla(l) f := \sum_{n \geq 0} \left( \sum_{d|l, n} d^{k-1} a_f\left(\frac{ln}{d^2}\right) \right) q^n$$

Remark  $\boxed{a_{\nabla(l) f}(n) = a_{\nabla(n) f}(cl)}$

pr. (of 2)  
 $l^{1-k} \nabla(l) f = \sum_{\substack{ad=N \\ l|d \\ \gcd(a, N)=1}} f \Big|_k \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{pmatrix} = \sum \frac{(ad)^{k/2}}{d^k} f\left(\frac{ax+b}{d}\right)$

$$= \sum \left(\frac{a}{d}\right)^{k/2} \sum_n a_f(n) q^{an/d} e\left(\frac{bn}{d}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{l|n} \left(\frac{a}{d}\right)^{k/2} d^{1-k} \sum_n a_f(n) q^{an/d}$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{a|n \\ \gcd(a, N)=1}} a^{k-1} \sum_m a_f(dm) q^{am}$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{l|n \\ \gcd(a, N)=1}} \left( \sum_{d|l, n} a^{k-1} a_f\left(\frac{lm}{d^2}\right) \right) q^n \quad \square$$