- $(U_j)_{j \in J}$  a collection of open subsets covering X. Prove:  $f: X \to Y$  is continuous  $\langle \rangle$   $\bigvee_{j \in J} f | U_j$  is continuous.
- 3) Let  $f: X \to Y$  be as above, and let  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  be closed subsets of X such that  $X = A_1 \cup A_2$ . Then: f is continuous  $\longleftrightarrow f|_{A_1}$  and  $f|_{A_2}$  are continuous.

## D. Product spaces

<u>Definition:</u> Let  $X_1, \dots X_n$  be topological spaces. A "basic open" subset of the product set

 $x_1 \times x_2 \times \dots \times x_n = \{(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) | x_1 \in x_1, \dots, x_n \in x_n\}$  is a set of the form

+: For each i = 1,.. or n the projection map

$$\pi_{i} : X_{1} \times \dots \times X_{i} \times \dots \times X_{n} \longrightarrow X_{1}$$

$$(x_{1}, x_{2}, \dots x_{i}, \dots x_{n}) \longrightarrow x_{1}$$

is continuous. Furthermore a map  $f: Y \to X_1 x \dots X_n$  from a topological space Y in the product space is continuous iff  $X \to X_1 \times X_2 \times X_3 \times X_4 \times X_4 \times X_4 \times X_5 \times$ 

## Problem:

1) Prove that the product of two compact spaces is compact.

## E. Quotient spaces

Let X be a topological space and let  $f: X \to Y$  be a map onto a set Y. Then we call a subset U of Y open iff  $f^{-1}(U)$  is open